

GREEK VERB ENDINGS for the INDICATIVE

PRIMARY PERSONAL ENDINGS								
-ω conjugation active		-μι conjugation active		middle voice				
<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>	<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>	<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>			
1.	-ω	-ομεν	1.	-μι	-μεν	1.	-μαι	-μεθα
2.	-εις	-ετε	2.	-ς	-τε	2.	-σαι	-σθε
3.	-ει	-ουσι	3.	-σι	-ασι	3.	-ται	-νται
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • = present tense for -ω conjugation • -σ- + these endings = future tense of all verbs 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • = present tense for -μι conjugation • -(κ)α- + these endings = perfect of all verbs 1st singular ending -α 3rd singular ending -ε 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • = middle primary tense endings of all verbs • The future tense adds -σ- before these endings. • The perfect middle never uses the -(κ)α- marker. 		
SECONDARY PERSONAL ENDINGS								
-ω conjugation active		-μι conjugation active		middle voice				
<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>	<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>	<u>Singular</u>	<u>Plural</u>			
1.	-ον	-ομεν	1.	-ν	-μεν	1.	-μην	-μεθα
2.	-εσ	-ετε	2.	-ς	-τε	2.	-σο	-σθε
3.	-ε	-ον	3.	-	-σαν	3.	-το	-ντο
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • = imperfect tense for -ω conjugation • = strong (2nd) aorist tense for -ω conjugation 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • = imperfect tense for -μι conjugation • = aorist tense for -μι conjugation • weak (1st) aorist adds -σα- + these endings: 1st singular ending -σα 3rd singular ending -σε 3rd plural -σα- + -σαν → -σαν. • intransitive/passive aorist = -(θ)η- + these endings • pluperfect = (sg) -κη -κης -κει, (pl) ε- + endings 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • = middle secondary tense endings of all verbs • The pluperfect middle never uses the -(κ)α- marker. 		

STEMS

Most verbs build on their present stem, but some verbs build on their aorist stem.

To mark the perfect or pluperfect, duplicate the initial sound of the stem.

To mark secondary tenses, add an augment to the beginning of the stem.

INFINITIVE

- active:
 - Present and Aorist
 - -ω conjugation: **-ειν**
 - -μι conjugation: **-ναι**
 - The weak/1st aorist of any verb adds -σα- + -ναι → **-σαι**.
 - Future
 - All verbs add -σ- + -ειν (from -ω conjugation).
 - Perfect
 - All verbs add -(κ)α- + -ναι → -(κ)εναι (from -μι conjugation).
- middle: **-σθαι**
 - All verbs in all tenses use -σθαι to designate the infinitive in the middle voice.

IMPERATIVE

- 2nd person: same endings as (secondary) indicative
 - except 2nd singular active : **-ε** or **-θι**
 - except weak/1st aorist: 2nd singular: **-ον** (active) **-σαι** (middle)
- 3rd person: singular: **-τω** (active) **-σθω** (middle)
plural: **-των** (active) **-σθων** (middle)

SUBJUNCTIVE

- All verbs form the subjunctive mood with augmented (ω/η) primary endings.
 - active: **-ω -ης -η -ωμεν -ητε -ωσι** (augmented -ω conjugation active endings).
 - middle: **-ωμαι -ησαι -ηται -ωμεθα -ησθε -ωνται** (augmented primary endings).

OPTATIVE

- All verbs form the optative mood by adding an **-ι-** before secondary personal endings.
 - active: -μι conjugation secondary endings
 - (except -ω verbs use -μι for the 1st singular and 3rd plural -σαν often reduces to -ν)
 - middle: secondary endings